STATE MAP

हरियाणा

HARYĀNA

Scale 1:500,000

BRAHMA SAROVAR
KURUKSHETRA

भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग **SURVEY OF INDIA**

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LADĀKH
JAMMU AND KASHMĪR
HIMĀCHAL PRADESH
PUNJAB
CHANDĪGARH
UTTARĀKHAND
HARYĀNA
DELHI
RĀJASTHĀN
UTTAR PRADESH
BIHĀR
SIKKIM
ARUNĀCHAL PRADESH
ASSAM
NĀGĀLAND
MEGHĀLAYA
MANIPUR
TRIPURA
MIZORAM
JHĀRKHAND
WEST BENGAL
GUJARĀT
I N D I A
MADHYA PRADESH
CHHATTĪSGARH
ODISHA
DĀDRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMAN AND DIU
MAHĀRĀSHTRA
TELANGĀNA
Yanam (PUDUCHERRY)
ANDHRA PRADESH
KARNĀTAKA
GOA
Mahe (PUDUCHERRY)
PUDUCHERRY
KERALA
TAMIL NĀDU
BAY OF BENGAL
ARABIAN SEA
LAKSHADWEEP SEA
LAKSHADWEEP (INDIA)
ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS (INDIA)
ANDAMAN SEA
INDIAN OCEAN

HARYĀNA – THE INDUSTRIAL HUB OF INDIA

The present state of HARYĀNA, which derives its name from the great epic of India, Mahābhārata as Bahudhānyaka i.e. Land of plentiful grains and Bahudhana i.e. Land of immense riches. Haryāna state has highly fertile land and is undoubtedly the industrial hub of India. The name Haryāna, itself means The Abode of God from Shri Hari (The Hindu God Vishnu) and āyana (home); situated in the Northern part of India.

Haryāna was carved out of the State of Punjab on 1st November 1966. The state is bounded by Punjab and Himāchal Pradesh in North; Rājasthān in the West and South; Uttarākhand and Uttar Pradesh.

The Capital of Haryāna is Chandīgarh. Many settlements dating back to the Indus Valley Civilization have been found along river Saraswati at Naurangābād and Mitāthal in Bhiwāni and Banāwali in Fatehābād district, Agroha and Rākhi Shāhpur (Rākhigarhi) in Hisār district and Rūkhi in Sonīpat district. The ancient Vedic Civilization had flourished on the banks of the Saraswati, where the hymns of Rigveda were composed.

The battle of Mahābhārata took place near the city of Kurukshetra, where Lord Krishna preached the Bhāgvad Gīta to the reluctant Arjuna. Brahm Sarovar, the centre of famous solar eclipse fairs, is also situated at Kurukshetra.

Haryāna is basically considered as the current growth engine of India. The state stands in the fore front of Industrial progress and adoption of modern technology. Gurūgrām city has emerged as one of the important Information Technology Centre of the country.

Haryāna offers the tourist a choice of Religious Shrines, Ancient Forts, Lakes, Museums, Zoos with a backdrop of prospering villages and expanding cities. The internationally famous Sūrajkund Craft Mela, at Farīdābād, is held every year in the month of February.

As per 2011 census population of Haryana is 25.35 million. It has extreme climatic conditions with temperature ranging from 1° C in winter to 50° C in summer. The average annual rainfall varies from 200 mm to 1000 mm and most of the rainfall is during the monsoon from July to September.

SPECIAL REFERENCES

1	State	Dehradun, UTTARĀKHAND	H2
2	District	Shahīd Bhagat Singh Nagar, PUNJAB	E1
3	District	Bulandshahr, UTTAR PRADESH	H6
4	NCT	National Capital Territory	G5, G6
5	District	Jalandhar, PUNJAB	D1
P	Tahsil	Pānipat	F4

REFERENCES

Capital of India	NEW DELHI		
Name of State Headquarter	CHANDĪGARH		
Name of District Headquarters	Ambāla		
Name of Sub-District (Tahsil) Headquarters	Narāyangarh		
Name of Sub-Tahsil Headquarters / Other towns	Mohna		
Capital of India	◉		
Headquarters: State, District, Sub-district (Tahsil), Others	◎	⊙	○ ○
Fort, Temple, Gurūdwāra	✠	⌂	⌂
Antiquity, Battle field, Rest house	♙	✕	⌂
Airports: International, Other	✈		✈
Railways: Broad gauge; Double line (with station), Single line, Others			
Roads: Golden Quadrilateral, N-S corridor, National Expressway	NH 48	NS 44	NE 5
Roads: National Highway (with number), State Highway, Others	NH 52	SH 6	
Rivers, Streams, Water features or Lakes			
Canals: Main, Branch			
Boundaries: International, State			
Boundaries: District, Sub-district (Tahsil)			

Administrative boundaries and communications are updated till 2024.
The full name of SAS Nagar (G 5) is SĀHIBJĀDA AJĪT SINGH NAGAR.
The headquarters of states and districts are shown in boxes in the main part of the map.

Scale 1:500,000

1 centimetre = 5 Kilometres

Kilometres 10 0 10 20 30 Kilometres

Projection : Lambert Conformal Conic
Datum : WGS 84

For further details about this map, please contact

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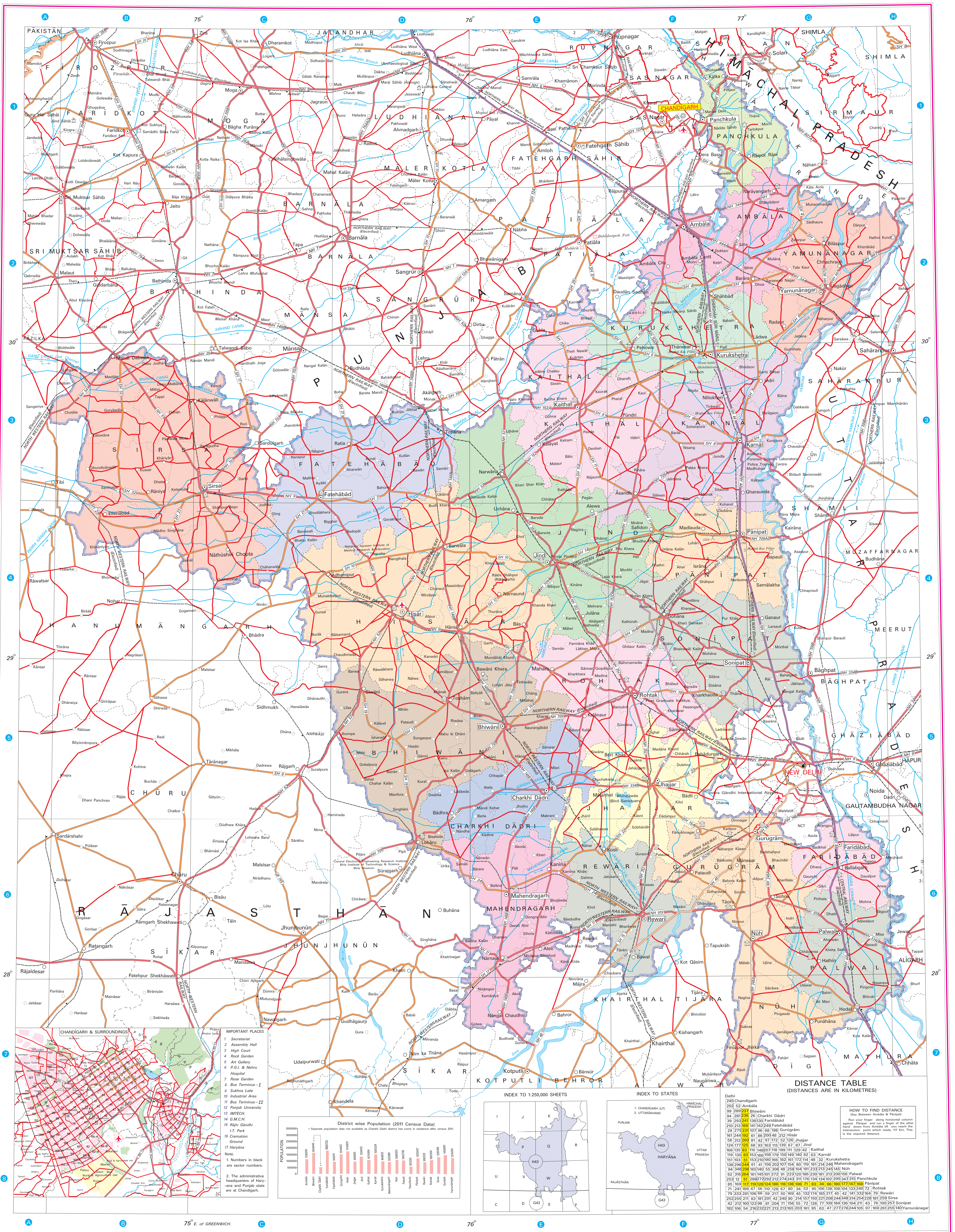
PĀKISTĀN
FĪROZPUR
FARĪDKOT
MOGA
JALANDHAR
LUDHIĀNA
RŪPNAGAR
SAS NAGAR
CHANDĪGARH
PANCHKULA
FATEHGARH SĀHIB
MĀLERKOTLA
SRI MUKTSAR SĀHIB
BARNĀLA
PATIĀLA
BATHINDA
MANSA
SANGRŪR
PUNJAB
FĀZILKA
HIMĀCHAL PRADESH
SHIMLA
SOLAN
SIRMAUR
AMBĀLA
YAMUNĀNAGAR
KURUKSHETRA
KAITHAL
KARNĀL
SAHĀRANPUR
SHĀMLI
MUZAFFARNAGAR
MEERUT
BĀGHPAT
GHĀZIĀBĀD
GAUTAMBUDHA NAGAR
UTTAR PRADESH
SIRSA
FATEHĀBĀD
HISĀR
JĪND
PĀNĪPAT
SONĪPAT
ROHTAK
BHIWĀNI
CHARKHI DĀDRI
JHAJJAR
NEW DELHI
NCT
GURŪGRĀM
FARĪDĀBĀD
REWĀRI
MAHENDRAGARH
NŪH
PALWAL
MATHURA
ALĪGARH
DĪG
HANUMĀNGARH
CHŪRU
JHUNJHUNŪN
SĪKAR
KOTPUTLI BEHROR
KHAIRTHAL TIJĀRA
ALWAR
RĀJASTHĀN
NORTHERN RAILWAY (Electrified)
NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY (Electrified)
SHERSHĀH SŪRI MĀRG
WESTERN YAMUNA CANAL
BHĀKRA CANAL
SIRHIND CANAL
75° E. of GREENWICH.
76°
77°
28°
29°
30°
CHANDĪGARH & SURROUNDINGS
PASHCHIM MARG
DAKSHIN MARG
MADHYA MARG
UTTAR MARG
PURV MARG
Sukhna Lake
IMPORTANT PLACES
1 Secretariat
2 Assembly Hall
3 High Court
4 Rock Garden
5 Art Gallery
6 P.G.I. & Nehru Hospital
7 Rose Garden
8 Bus Terminus – I
9 Sukhna Lake
10 Industrial Area
11 Bus Terminus – II
12 Panjab University
13 IMTECH.
14 G.M.C.H.
15 Rājīv Gāndhi I.T. Park
16 Cremation Ground
17 Haryāna
Note.
1. Numbers in black are sector numbers.
2. The administrative headquarters of Haryana and Punjab state are at Chandīgarh.
District wise Population (2011 Census Data)
∗ Seperate population data not available as Charkhi Dādri district has come in existence after census 2011.
POPULATION
3500000
3000000
2500000
2000000
1500000
1000000
500000
0
Ambāla 1128350
Bhiwāni 1634445 ∗
Charkhi Dādri ∗
Farīdābād 1809733
Fatehābād 942011
Gurūgrām 1514432
Hisār 1743931
Jhajjar 958405
Jīnd 1334152
Kaithal 1074304
Karnāl 1505324
Kurukshetra 964655
Mahendragarh 922088
Nūh 1089263
Palwal 1042708
Panchkula 561293
Pānīpat 1205437
Rewāri 900332
Rohtak 1061204
Sirsa 1295189
Sonīpat 1450001
Yamunānagar 1214205
INDEX TO 1:250,000 SHEETS
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INDEX TO STATES
1. CHANDĪGARH (UT)
2. UTTARĀKHAND
PUNJAB
HIMĀCHAL PRADESH
HARYĀNA
UTTAR PRADESH
DELHI
RĀJASTHĀN
HOW TO FIND DISTANCE
(Say Between Ambāla & Pānīpat)
Run your finger along horizontal column against Pānīpat and run a finger of the other hand down from Ambāla till you reach the intersection point which reads, 117 Km. This is the required distance.

DISTANCE TABLE

(DISTANCES ARE IN KILOMETRES)

	Delhi	Chandīgarh	Ambāla	Bhiwāni	Charkhi Dādri	Farīdābād	Fatehābād	Gurūgrām	Hisār	Jhajjar	Jīnd	Kaithal	Karnāl	Kurukshetra	Mahendragarh	Nūh	Palwal	Panchkula	Pānīpat	Rohtak	Rewāri	Sirsa	Sonīpat
Delhi																							
Chandīgarh	245																						
Ambāla	202	52																					
Bhiwāni	99	289	237																				
Charkhi Dādri	94	281	236	26																			
Farīdābād	39	293	241	138	130																		
Fatehābād	210	213	169	141	142	249																	
Gurūgrām	29	275	231	107	96	68	198																
Hisār	161	244	192	61	86	200	48	212															
Jhajjar	58	312	260	81	42	97	172	52	126														
Jīnd	124	177	125	68	93	163	115	139	67	87													
Kaithal	168	135	83	110	148	207	118	199	111	129	42												
Karnāl	119	135	83	153	166	158	179	150	149	140	82	63											
Kurukshetra	151	103	51	153	210	190	166	182	161	172	114	48	32										
Mahendragarh	138	296	244	61	41	156	202	107	154	80	119	161	214	246									
Nūh	94	348	296	165	140	55	306	48	258	104	191	233	213	245	145								
Palwal	62	316	264	161	145	101	272	91	213	120	186	230	181	213	200	156							
Panchkula	253	12	51	288	272	292	212	274	243	311	176	134	134	102	295	347	315						
Pānīpat	85	169	117	119	128	124	186	116	138	106	71	83	34	66	180	177	147	168					
Rohtak	71	241	189	47	56	110	128	67	80	34	53	95	106	138	108	104	133	240	72				
Rewāri	79	333	281	106	66	59	217	50	169	45	132	174	185	217	45	42	141	332	164	79			
Sirsa	252	255	211	83	181	291	42	240	90	214	157	150	221	208	244	348	314	254	228	181	259		
Sonīpat	42	212	160	123	98	81	204	71	156	55	72	126	77	109	184	136	104	211	43	76	100	257	
Yamunānagar	182	106	54	216	232	221	213	213	165	203	161	95	63	47	277	276	244	105	97	169	261	255	140

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